

<u>Objective:</u> The objective of this process is to ensure high-risk COVID outpatients receive the best available treatment based on National Institute of Health recommendations, inventory, and patient-specific factors.

#### **Kettering Health available outpatient COVID treatments:**

- Paxlovid<sup>™</sup> (nirmatrelvir-ritonavir) (oral)
- Bebtelovimab (intravenous, single dose)
- Remdesivir (intravenous, three-day course)
- Molnupiravir (oral)

#### KH Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Criteria for Use:

Patient must meet ALL of the following criteria:  ☐ Positive test for SARS-CoV-2 ☐ Onset of symptoms within the past 7 days ☐ Patient is 18 years of age or older ☐ Patient does not require supplemental oxygen or there is no increase in baseline oxygen needs  AND		
☐ Pregnancy	☐ Age ≥ 65 years	
☐ Active Cancer	☐ Not fully vaccinated per CDC definition	
☐ Hematologic malignancy	□ BMI ≥ 35	
☐ Immunocompromised (On biologic agents, high dose chronic steroids, B-cell depleting therapy*, TK inhibitors**, primary immunodeficiency, etc)	☐ Cardiovascular Disease: Hypertension, Coronary Artery Disease or Congestive Heart Failure	
☐ HIV Patients	☐ Diabetes Mellitus (on insulin therapy or oral hypoglycemics)	
☐ Solid organ transplant recipients	☐ Chronic Lung Disease: COPD, Asthma, Interstitia Lung Disease, Cystic Fibrosis, or Pulmonary Fibrosis	
☐ Hematopoietic cell transplant recipients		
☐ Graft-versus-host disease	<ul> <li>☐ Chronic Kidney Disease (stage 4 and above, ESRD)</li> </ul>	
☐ Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell recipients	☐ End stage liver disease	
(CAR T-Cell Therapy) (Idecabtagene Vicleucel, Brexucabtagene Autoleucel, Axicabtagene Ciloleucel, Axicabtagene Ciloleucel)	☐ Neurodevelopmental disorders (Ex. Cerebral palsy)	
	☐ Medical-related technological dependence (Ex Tracheostomy, gastrostomy, etc.)	
	□ Sickle Cell disease	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}\text{B-cell depleting the rapy: riTUX imab, ocrelizumab, of a tumumab, ibritumomab tiuxetan, obinutuzumab, belimumab tiuxetan, obinutuzumab, obinutuzum$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup>TK inhibitors: ibrutinib, acalabrutinib, or zanubrutinib therapy



# **Prescribing and Referral Review Process:**

1. Order "Outpatient COVID-19 Treatment Referral" via EPIC or paper order form

Px Code	Name	Code
REF408001	Outpatient COVID-19 treatment (OUTPATIENT REFERRAL)	REF408001

2. Indicate patient is eligible for treatment per P&T approved criteria.

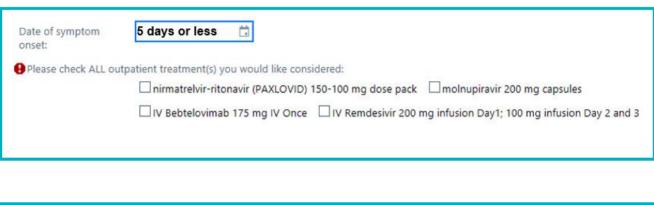
Patient must meet at least one of the following (Select ONE):	
	☐ Pregnancy ☐ Active Cancer ☐ Hematologic malignancy
	$\begin{tabular}{l} \hline \square \ Immunocompromised (On biologic agents, high dose chronic steroids, B-cell depleting therapy, TK inhibitors, primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents, high dose chronic steroids, B-cell depleting therapy, TK inhibitors, primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents, high dose chronic steroids, B-cell depleting therapy, TK inhibitors, primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents, high dose chronic steroids, B-cell depleting therapy, TK inhibitors, primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents, high dose chronic steroids). The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic agents) are also become a second context. The primary immunocompromised (On biologic$
	$\square$ HIV Patients $\square$ Solid organ transplant recipients $\square$ Hematopoietic cell transplant recipients $\square$ Graft-versus-host disease
	Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell recipients (CAR T-Cell Therapy) (Idecabtagene Vicleucel, Brexucabtagene Autoleucel, Axicabta
	☐ Age 65 or older ☐ Not fully vaccinated per CDC definition (See reference link 3 for definition) ☐ BMI of 35 or greater
	☐ Cardiovascular Disease: HTN, CAD, or CHF ☐ Diabetes Mellitus (on insulin or oral hypoglycemics)
	Chronic Lung Disease: COPD, Asthma, Interstitial Lung Disease, Cystic Fibrosis, or Pulmonary Fibrosis
	CKD (Stage 4 and above, ESRD)
	☐ Medical-related technological dependence (eg. Tracheostomy, gastrostomy, etc.) ☐ Sickle Cell disease

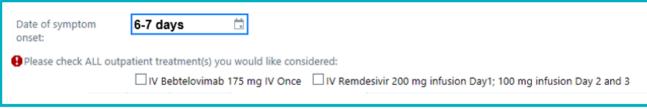


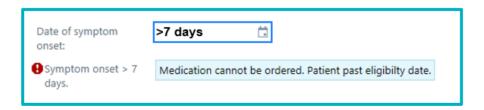
3. Enter date of symptom onset



- 4. Indicate all treatments to be considered for patient
  - a. **Recommendation:** Consider choosing <u>all available</u> options if no obvious contraindications exist to maximize access to available treatment. **Patient will only receive one therapy.**









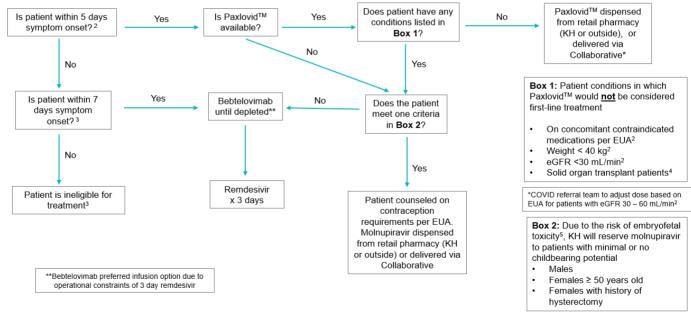
5. Add clarifying comments as necessary:



- 6. Referral Team will review and identify best treatment per KH P&T algorithm (Figure 1)
- 7. Referral Team will:
  - a. Send prescription to appropriate entity (KH Retail Pharmacy or Infusion Center)
    - i. Prescription will require co-signature from ordering provider if ordering via EPIC
    - ii. Retail Pharmacy or Infusion Center will contact patient about treatment
  - b. Communicate final treatment plan with provider via in-basket message
  - c. Contact patient if they are not eligible or no treatment available
- 8. Patient will be notified within 24 hours of their treatment option

Please contact the referral team with questions or concerns by following this link: <a href="Provider Questions - COVID Outpatient Treatment Referral">Provider Questions - COVID Outpatient Treatment Referral</a>

Figure 1: KH P&T Outpatient COVID Treatment Algorithm<sup>1</sup>





#### **Considerations for pregnant patients:**

Molnupiravir is the only treatment option with a warning against use in pregnant patients.<sup>5</sup> Initiation of COVID treatment should be a shared-decision making process following adequate counseling from patient's obstetric provider as able.

Drug	Organization	Statement/Recommendations
Paxlovid™	Society for Maternal Fetal Medicine (SMFM)	"SMFM supports the use of Paxlovid (nirmatrelvir [PF-07321332] tablets and ritonavir tablets) for treatment of pregnant patients with COVID-19 who meet clinical qualifications. Any therapy that would otherwise be given should not be withheld specifically due to pregnancy or lactation."5
	American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG)	"Obstetric care clinicians may consider the use of the oral SARS-CoV-2 protease inhibitor for the treatment of non-hospitalized COVID-19 positive pregnant individuals with mild to moderate symptoms, particularly if one or more additional risk factors are present (eg body mass index >25, chronic kidney disease, diabetes mellitus, cardiovascular disease). Clinicians should weigh the available data against the individual risks of COVID-19 in pregnancy in each situation."
Bebtelovimab	American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG)	"Obstetric care clinicians may consider the use of monoclonal antibodies for the treatment of non-hospitalized COVID-19 positive pregnant individuals with mild to moderate symptoms, particularly if one or more additional risk factors are present (eg BMI >25, chronic kidney disease, diabetes mellitus, cardiovascular disease)."
Remdesivir	National Institute of Health (NIH)	"Remdesivir should not be withheld from pregnant patients if it is otherwise indicated."8

#### Considerations for Pediatric Patients (12-17 years of age)

Therapy may be considered on a case-by-case basis for pediatric patients with risk factors for progression to severe COVID. Please contact the referral team by following this link: <a href="Patient Review - COVID Outpatient Treatment Referral">Patient Referral</a>
Treatment Referral

Please include the following information:

- 1. Patient MRN
- 2. Patient name
- 3. Patient-specific risk factors



#### References:

- COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines Panel. Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Treatment Guidelines. National Institutes of Health. Available at <a href="https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/">https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/</a>. Accessed January 17, 2022.
- 2. Food and Drug Administration. Fact sheet for healthcare providers: emergency use authorization for paxlovid. 2021. Available at: https://www.fda.gov/media/155050/download. Accessed January 17, 2022.
- Food and Drug Administration. Fact sheet for healthcare providers: emergency use authorization for bebtelovimab. 2022. Available at: <u>Bebtelovimab Health Care Provider Fact Sheet 03302022 (fda.gov)</u>. Accessed March 31, 2022.
- American Society of Transplantation. AST Statement on Oral Antiviral Therapy for COVID-19 for Organ Transplant Recipients. 2022. Available at: <u>AST Statement on Oral Antiviral Therapy for COVID Jan 4</u> (2).pdf (myast.org). Accessed January 17, 2022.
- 5. Food and Drug Administration. Fact sheet for healthcare providers: emergency use authorization for molnupiravir. 2021. Available at: <a href="molnupiravir-hcp-fact-sheet.pdf">molnupiravir-hcp-fact-sheet.pdf</a> (merck.com)
- Society for Maternal and Fetal Medicine. FDA Issues EUA for the Treatment of Mild-to-Moderate COVID-19: Maternal-Fetal Medicine Subspecialists Support Use in Pregnant Patients. Washington, DC: SMFM; 2021. Available at: <u>Treatment\_1.10.pdf</u>
- American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. COVID-19 FAQs for obstetricians-gynecologists, obstetrics. Washington, DC: ACOG; 2020. Available at: <u>COVID-19 FAQs for Obstetrician-Gynecologists</u>, Obstetrics | ACOG. Accessed January 17, 2022.
- COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines Panel. Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Treatment Guidelines.
   National Institutes of Health. Available at <u>Remdesivir | COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines (nih.gov)</u>
   Accessed January 17, 2022

Originated: 01/24/2022

Approved via Emergency Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee: 01/2022



# **Revision History**

Date	Update
6/30/2022	Amended algorithm to include molnupiravir per NIH Guidelines
4/1/2022	Sotrovimab removed from treatment algorithm and order form. Sotrovimab no longer authorized for Ohio.
	FDA updates Sotrovimab emergency use authorization   FDA
	Added bebtelovimab to treatment algorithm and order form
2/8/2022	Criteria for use expanded
	Updated prescribing process
1/31/2022	Criteria for use expanded
	Updated prescribing process



#### **Kettering COVID Infusion Center**

3535 Southern Blvd Dayton, OH 45429 Phone: 937-395-6011

Fax: 937-401-6628

# Order Form for Outpatient Treatment of COVID (+) patients

Patient Name	DOB
Address	
Phone #	ICD-10 Diagnosis: U07.1 – COVID-19
**Symptom Onset Date: Symptoms: _	
**Date patient tested positive:	**Please fax copy of test result with order if available**
Patient must meet ALL of the following criteria:  □ Positive test for SARS-CoV-2  □ Onset of symptoms within the past 7 days  □ Patient is 18 years of age or older  □ Patient does not require supplemental oxygeneeds  AND	en <u>or</u> there is no increase in baseline oxygen
One (1) of the following:	
□ Pregnancy	□ Age ≥ 65 years
□ Active Cancer	☐ Not fully vaccinated per CDC definition
☐ Hematologic malignancy	□ BMI ≥ 35
☐ Immunocompromised (On biologic agents, high dose chronic steroids, B-cell depleting therapy, TK inhibitors, primary immunodeficiency, etc)	☐ Diabetes Mellitus (on insulin therapy or oral hypoglycemics)
☐ HIV Patients	<ul> <li>□ Cardiovascular Disease: Hypertension, Coronary Artery Disease or Congestive Heart Failure</li> </ul>
☐ Solid organ transplant recipients	☐ Chronic Lung Disease: COPD, Asthma, Interstitial
☐ Hematopoietic cell transplant recipients	Lung Disease, Cystic Fibrosis, or Pulmonary Fibrosis
☐ Graft-versus-host disease	☐ Chronic Kidney Disease (stage 4 and above, ESRD)
☐ Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell recipients (CAR T-Cell Therapy) (Idecabtagene Vicleucel, Brexucabtagene Autoleucel,	☐ End stage liver disease
Axicabtagene Ciloleucel, Axicabtagene Ciloleucel)	☐ Neurodevelopmental disorders (Eg. Cerebral palsy)
	<ul> <li>Medical-related technological dependence (Eg. Tracheostomy, gastrostomy, etc.)</li> </ul>
	☐ Sickle Cell disease



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# Order Form for Outpatient Treatment of COVID (+) patients

RX: Please check	<u>all</u> outpatient treatment(s) you would like considered for your patient.		
Consider choosing all o	ptions if no obvious contraindications exist to maximize access to available treatment. Patient will only receive one therapy per KH P&T approved		
algorithm. Algorithm is based on NIH-preferred treatment recommendations, available inventory, and patient-specific considerations.			
<ul> <li>nirmatrelvir-ritonavir (PAXLOVID) 150-100 mg dose pack</li> <li>Take 2 nirmatrelvir and 1 ritonavir tablet by mouth every 12 hours for 5 days.</li> <li>Dispense #30 (thirty) with 0 (zero) refills</li> <li>*COVID referral team to adjust dose based on EUA for patients with eGFR 30 – 60 mL/min*</li> </ul> OR			
<ol> <li>Administe</li> <li>After the of</li> <li>delivery of</li> </ol>	175 mg/2mL x 1 dose er via IV push over 30 seconds entire contents of the syringe have been administered, flush the injection line with 0.9% Sodium Chloride to ensure of the required dose patient for at least 1 hour following administration		
OR	For IV Therapies Only Consider premeds for patients with allergic tendencies or who have had allergic reactions to an immunoglobulin product.		
□ Remdesivir	Pre-meds (optional):  □Tylenol 650 mg po or □ Tylenol 1000 mg po  □Benadryl 25 mg po or □ Benadryl 25 mg IV  □ Methylprednisolone 40 mg IV		
Day 1:	KH infusion reaction protocol will be utilized if a patient has an infusion-related or hypersensitivity reaction.		
<ol> <li>Infuse IV</li> <li>Observe I</li> <li>Start prim complete</li> </ol>	mg added to 60 mL of 0.9% sodium chloride for a total volume of 100mL over 30 minutes patient for at least 1 hour following administration hary line with 500mL 0.9% sodium chloride and give the remainder of the bag as a bolus after the remdesivir infusion is		
<ol> <li>Infuse IV</li> <li>Observe I</li> </ol>	mg added to 80 mL of 0.9% sodium chloride for a total volume of 100mL over 30 minutes patient for at least 1 hour following administration hary line with 500mL 0.9% sodium chloride and give the remainder of the bag as a bolus after the remdesivir infusion is		
OR			
□ molnupiravir 200 mg capsules			
Take 4 ca	apsules (800 mg total) by mouth every 12 hours for 5 days. #40 (forty) with 0 (zero) refills		
Prescriber	Date		
Prescriber Sign	ature		
Address:	Phone Fax:		